# Public Health Wales CDSC Weekly Influenza & Acute Respiratory Infection Surveillance Report



Wednesday 10th February 2021 (covering week 05 2021)

Current level of influenza activity: Baseline activity

Influenza activity trend: Stable

Confirmed influenza cases since 2020 week 40: 17 (nine influenza A(H3N2), two influenza A(not subtyped) and six

influenza B.)

#### **Key points - Wales**

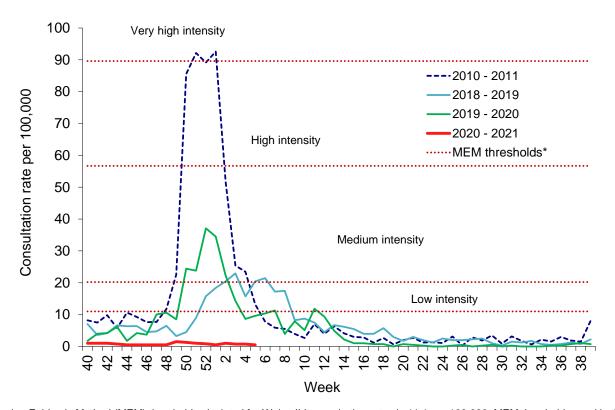
## Surveillance indicators suggest that influenza is not currently circulating in Wales.

The sentinel GP consultation rate for influenza-like illness (ILI) decreased during week 05 (ending 07/02/2021). During week 05 no cases of influenza were confirmed. COVID-19 cases continue to be detected in symptomatic patients in hospital and in the community. Rhinovirus was the most commonly detected non-COVID-19 cause of Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) but other causes of ARI continue to be detected. Surveillance data suggests the Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) season is not yet underway.

- The Sentinel GP consultation rate for influenza-like illness (ILI) in Wales during week 05 was 0.5 consultations per 100,000 practice population (Table 1). This decreased compared to the previous week (0.7 consultations per 100,000) and remains well below baseline threshold for seasonal influenza activity (11.0 per 100,000 practice population) (Figure 1). Caution should be used when comparing consultation rates from March 2020 onwards to previous periods due to the changes in health-seeking behaviours brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Sentinel GP consultation rate for Acute Respitatory Infections (ARI) was 54.0 per 100,000 practice population during week 05, this is a decrease compared to the previous week (70.9 per 100,000) (Table 2). Weekly consultations for Upper Respiratory Tract Infections and Lower Respiratory Tract Infections also decreased compared to the previous week. The age-group specific consultation rate for ARI during week 05 was highest in under one year olds (162.9 per 100,000 practice population).
- The percentage of calls to **NHS Direct Wales** which were 'influenza-related' (cold/flu, cough, fever, headache and sore throat) during week 05 decreased to 12.0% (Figure 9).
- The total number of respiratory-related consultations with **Out of Hours (OOH)** doctors in Wales reported to Public Health Wales during week 05 was 686, this represents 6.5% of all 10,505 reported consultations with OOH doctors, a decrease in the number and proportion reported last week (Figure 8).
- During week 05, 1,359 specimens received respiratory panel testing from hospital and non-sentinel GP patients with ARI. These results do not include samples tested solely for SARS-CoV2. There were 32 rhinovirus and 19 adenovirus detected in week 05 (Figure 4). Additionally, 5,204 samples from patients were submitted for rapid Cepheid testing for influenza, RSV and SARS-CoV2, these tests may be associated with screening activities rather than diagnostic testing for patients presenting with ARI (Figure 5). Of these 5,204 samples, none was positive for influenza, none were positive for RSV, and 441 were positive for SARS-CoV2 (figure 5). Thirty-seven respiratory specimens were tested from patients in intensive care units (ICU) and no samples were positive for influenza (Figure 6). For the latest COVID-19/SARS-CoV2 surveillance data please see the PHW daily dashboard
- No surveillance samples from patients with ILI, collected by a sentinel GP during week 05, had been received by Public Health Wales Microbiology as at 10/02/2021.
- There has been no detectable RSV activity so far for 2020-21.
- During week 05, 78 ARI outbreaks were reported to the Public Health Wales Health Protection team, all
  were reported as COVID-19 outbreaks. Thirty-five were in residential homes, eight were in a school/nursery
  setting, seven were in hospitals and 28 were in a community, mixed or other setting.
- According to **EuroMoMo** analysis, all-cause deaths have increased compared to the 5 year average.

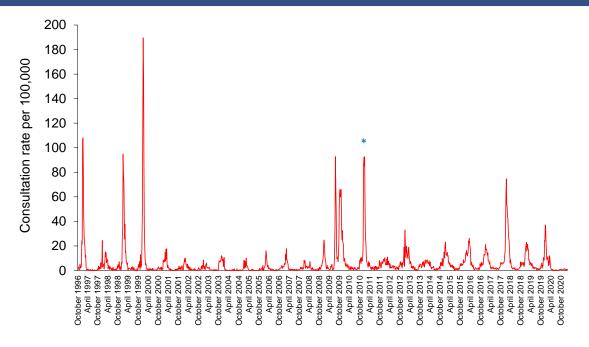
# Respiratory infection activity in Wales

Figure 1. Clinical consultation rate for ILI per 100,000 practice population in Welsh sentinel practices (as of 07/02/2021).



<sup>\*</sup> The Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) threshold calculated for Wales ILI consultation rates is 11.1 per 100,000. MEM thresholds used in this chart are based on influenza from 2010-11 to 2018-19 seasons. Caution should be used when comparing consultation rates from March 2020 onwards to previous periods due to the changes in health-seeking behaviours brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Figure 2. Clinical consultation rate for ILI per 100,000 practice population in Welsh sentinel practices (week 48 1996 – week 05 2021).



<sup>\*</sup> Reporting changed to Audit+ surveillance system

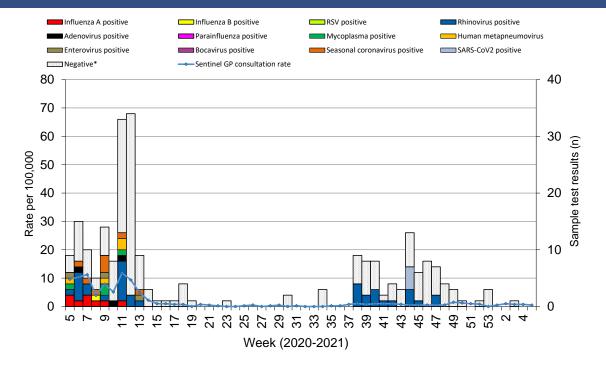
Table 1. Age-specific consultations (per 100,000) for ILI in Welsh sentinel practices, week 53 2020 – week 05 2021 (as of 07/02/2021).

Age						
group	53	1	2	3	4	5
< 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1 - 4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5 - 14	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15 - 24	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
25 - 34	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	2.0
35 - 44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0
45 - 64	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
65 - 74	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
75+	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.5

Table 2. Age-specific consultations (per 100,000) for ARI in Welsh sentinel practices, week 53 2020 – week 05 2021 (as of 07/02/2021).

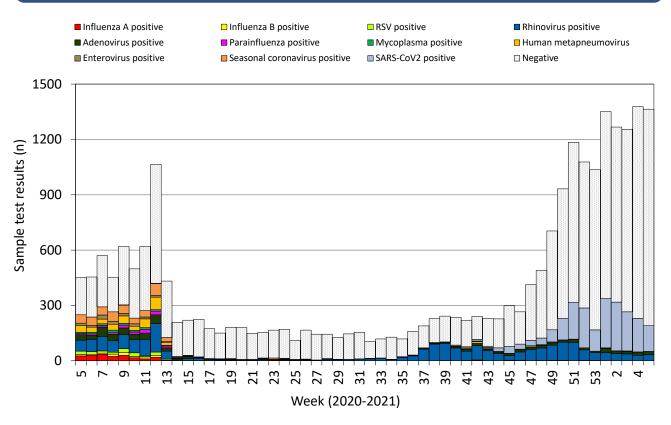
Age						
group	53	1	2	3	4	5
< 1	162.7	229.7	199.4	200.7	32.7	162.9
1 - 4	117.9	79.7	91.9	94.4	111.6	124.9
5 - 14	25.1	34.6	25.1	21.1	9.1	36.4
15 - 24	54.4	66.1	67.5	51.3	43.6	41.5
25 - 34	69.4	90.1	77.2	50.7	57.3	47.4
35 - 44	65.7	99.7	75.9	56.8	67.6	45.1
45 - 64	64.0	104.7	88.1	72.7	70.5	54.7
65 - 74	51.6	105.5	60.2	60.3	60.3	45.2
75+	77.0	104.6	105.9	52.8	187.9	79.5
Total	62.3	90.3	75.6	58.3	70.9	54.0

Figure 3. Specimens submitted for virological testing by sentinel GPs as of 07/02/2021, by week of sample collection, week 05 2020 to week 05 2021.



<sup>\*</sup> Tested negative for influenza, adenovirus, rhinovirus, RSV, parainfluenza, mycoplasma, human metapneumovirus, enterovirus, bocavirus and coronaviruses.

Figure 4. Specimens submitted for virological testing for hospital patients and non-sentinel GPs as of 07/02/2021 by week of sample collection, week 05 2020 to week 05 2021.



This chart summarises respiratory panel test data and does not include data for patients tested SOLEY for SARS-CoV2. Combined data for tests carried out in Public Health Wales Microbiology: Cardiff laboratory, provided by Public Health Wales Microbiology Cardiff Specialist Virology Centre. This chart summarises individual test results, patients who are positive for multiple infections within a given week will appear multiple times.

Figure 5. Rapid Cepheid specimens submitted for virological testing for hospital patients, as of 07/02/2021 by week of sample collection, week 46 2020 to week 05 2021.

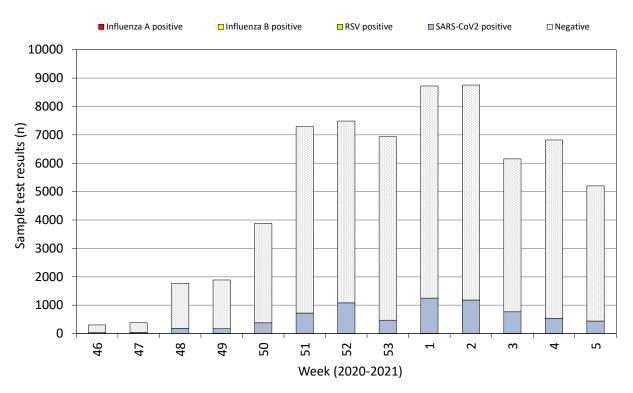
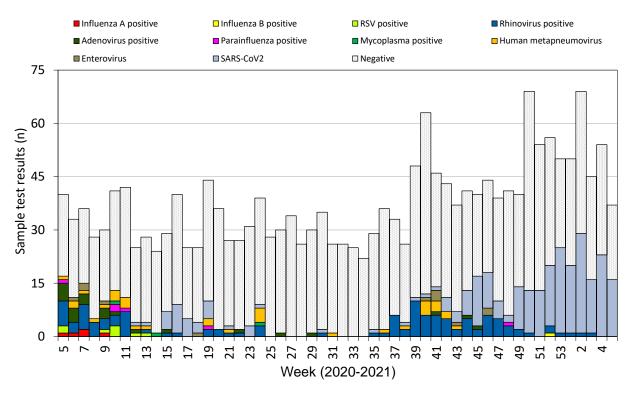
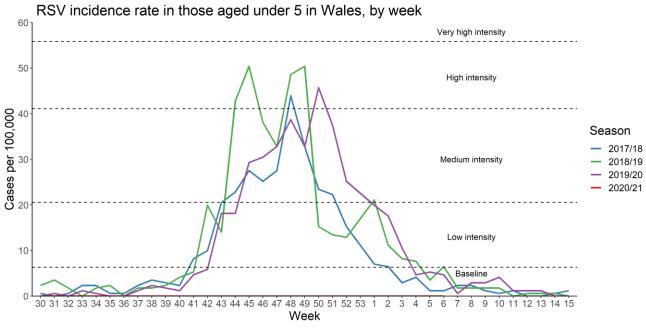


Figure 6. Specimens submitted for virological testing for ICU patients, by week of sample collection, week 05 2020 to week 05 2021.



This chart summarises respiratory panel test data and does not include data for patients tested SOLEY for SARS-CoV2.

Figure 7. RSV incidence rate per 100,000 population aged under five years, week 30 2017 to week 05 2021.



No samples have tested positive for RSV in under 5 year olds since week 30 2020.

#### Out of Hours consultations and calls to NHS Direct Wales

Figure 8. Weekly total consultations to Out of Hours services in Wales and numbers of respiratory-related diagnoses (as of 07/02/2021).

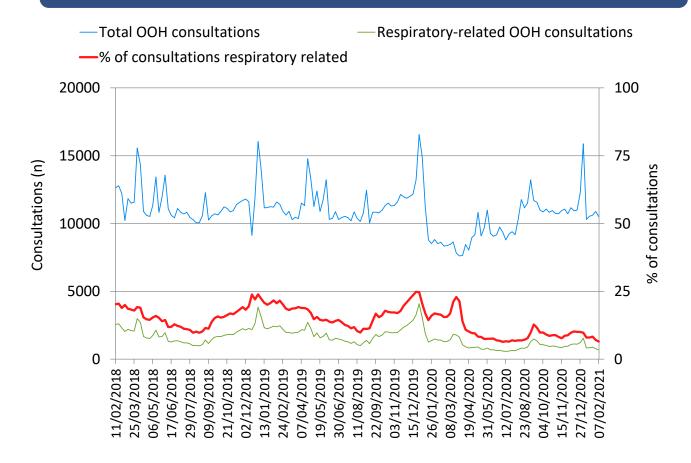
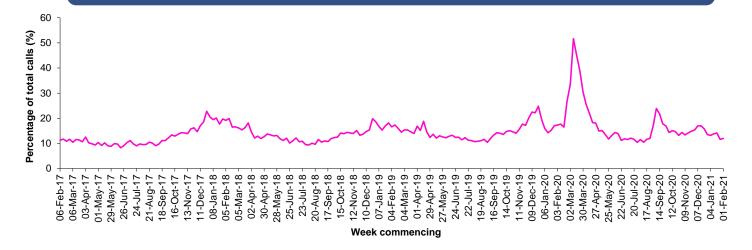


Figure 9. Influenza related calls to NHS Direct Wales<sup>1</sup> (as a percentage of total calls) from week 06 2017 - week 05 2021 (as of 07/02/2021).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data supplied by Health Statistics and Analysis Unit, Welsh Government.
Flu related calls are the sum of calls recorded as 'cold/flu', 'cough', 'headache', 'fever' and 'sore throat'.
Following changes to the NHS Direct calls system, including the start of the 111 pilot, there has been a change in the way in which denominator data are calculated for this chart, NHS Direct Wales now count the total number of nurse triaged calls (ie calls which could have symptom data recorded against them), note that 111 includes out-of-hours calls.

# Influenza Vaccine Uptake in Wales

Table 3. Uptake of influenza immunisations in GP Practice patients, school children and NHS staff in Wales 2020/21 (as of 02/02/2021).

Influenza immunisation uptake in the 2020/21 season				
People aged 65y and older	76.4%			
People younger than 65y in a clinical risk group	50.7%			
Children aged two & three years	56.1%			
Children aged four to ten years*	71.2%			
NHS staff	61.3%			
NHS staff who have direct patient contact	63.2%			

<sup>\*</sup> In school sessions carried out so far.

The end of season report Influenza in Wales 2019/20 is available to download and contains a full breakdown of vaccination uptake amongst eligible groups.

Link to report: <a href="http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sites3/page.cfm?orgid=457&pid=55714">http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sites3/page.cfm?orgid=457&pid=55714</a>

#### Influenza activity - UK and international summary

- As of week 04, the majority of community and syndromic indicators decreased in the UK. GP ILI consultations decreased in Northern Ireland to 1.0 per 100,000 and remained stable in Scotland at 0.5 per 100,000, well below the baseline intensity thresholds for both countries. The weekly ILI GP consultation rate in England reported through the RCGP system increased to 1.0 per 100,000, well below the MEM threshold for baseline activity (12.2 per 100,000).
- During week 04, none of the 4,163 respiratory test results reported through Public Health England's
  DataMart scheme tested positive for influenza. UK summary data are available from the <u>Public Health</u>
  England National Influenza and COVID-19 Surveillance Report.
- The WHO and the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) reported that as of week 04, influenza activity remained at inter-seasonal levels across the WHO European Region. During week 04, four of 1,346 sentinel specimens tested for influenza was positive.

Source: Flu News Europe: <a href="http://www.flunewseurope.org/">http://www.flunewseurope.org/</a>

- The WHO reported on 01/02/2021 that globally, influenza activity remained at lower levels than expected for this time of year. In the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere, influenza activity remained below baseline, though sporadic detections of influenza A and influenza B were reported in some countries. In the temperate zones of the southern hemisphere, influenza activity was reported at inter-seasonal level. In the Caribbean and Central American countries, low influenza detections were reported in Haiti. In tropical South America, there were no influenza detections in this reporting period. In tropical Africa, influenza activity continued to be reported in Western Africa. In Southern Asia, sporadic influenza detections were reported across reporting countries. In South East Asia, influenza detections were reported in some countries in this reporting period. Worldwide, influenza B accounted for the majority of the very low numbers of detections reported.
- Based on FluNet reporting (as of 29/01/2021), during the time period from 04/01/2021 17/01/2021,
  National Influenza Centres and other national influenza laboratories from 82 countries, areas or territories
  reported influenza surveillance data. The WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System
  laboratories tested more than 233,931 specimens during that time period, 566 were positive for influenza
  viruses, of which 117 were typed as influenza A (six influenza A(H1N1)pdm09, 26 influenza A(H3N2) and
  85 influenza A(not subtyped)) and 449 influenza B (of the characterised influenza B viruses one belonged
  to the B-Yamagata lineage and 253 to the B-Victoria lineage).

Source: WHO influenza update:

http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\_monitoring/updates/en/

# Update on influenza activity in North America

- The USA Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) report that during week 04 (ending 30/01/2021) influenza activity remains lower than usual for this time of year in the United States. Nationally, 25 (0.1%) out of 18,531 specimens have tested positive for influenza in week 04, of these positives seven (28.0%) were influenza A and 18 (72.0%) were influenza B. Further characterisation has been carried out on 9,102 specimens by public health laboratories, and three samples tested positive for influenza, two influenza A (two influenza A(subtyping not performed)) and one influenza B. Source: CDC Weekly US Influenza Surveillance Report <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/">http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/</a>
- The Public Health Agency of Canada reported that during week 04, influenza activity remains
  exceptionally low for this time of year, despite continued monitoring for influenza. The percentage of
  visits to healthcare professionals that were due to ILI was 0.2% during week 04, which remains lower
  than average compared to recent seasons. The percentage of tests positive for influenza was 0.0%
  during week 04, this is lower than previous seasons.

Source: Public Health Agency of Canada

https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/diseases/flu-influenza/influenza-surveillance/weekly-influenza-reports.html

# Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) - UK and international summary

- The number of confirmed cases in Wales reported as at 10/02/2021 is 197,344, with 111 newly reported in the previous 24 hours. The cumulative number of suspected COVID-19 deaths in confirmed cases in hospitals and care homes reported to Public Health Wales is 5,032, with 21 new deaths reported in the previous 24 hours. The cumulative number of registered deaths in Welsh residents where COVID-19 was mentioned in the death certificate as at 2021 week 03 was 6,325. Latest COVID-19 data from Public Health Wales is available from: <a href="https://phw.nhs.wales/topics/latest-information-on-novel-coronavirus-covid-19/">https://phw.nhs.wales/topics/latest-information-on-novel-coronavirus-covid-19/</a> Public Health Wales produce a daily statement on COVID-19, available from: <a href="https://covid19-phwstatement.nhs.wales/">https://covid19-phwstatement.nhs.wales/</a>
- As at 09/02/2021, there are 3,972,1484 reported confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the UK, of which 12,364 were newly reported in the previous 24 hours. The total deaths within 28 days of a positive test was 113,850, with 1,052 reported in the previous 24 hours. Latest UK data is available from: <a href="https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk/">https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk/</a>
- As at 10/02/2021, WHO reported 106,321,987 confirmed COVID-19 cases globally, with 195,520 reported in the previous 24 hours. There have been 2,325,282 deaths, of which 4,770 were reported in the previous 24 hours. Daily WHO situation updates are available from: <a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>

### Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV) – latest update from WHO and ECDC

- On 01/02/2021 WHO reported four additional cases of Middle East Respiratory Syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV), including one associated death. Globally, 2,566 laboratory confirmed cases of human infection with MERS-CoV, including 882 associated deaths, have officially been reported to WHO since 2012.
  - Source: WHO Global Alert and Response website: <a href="https://www.who.int/csr/don/archive/year/2021/en/">https://www.who.int/csr/don/archive/year/2021/en/</a>
- The majority of the MERS cases continue to be reported from the Middle East, and specifically from Saudi Arabia. Rapid risk assessments of the situation from ECDC, which contain epidemiological updates and advice for travellers and healthcare workers, are available from: <a href="https://ecdc.europa.eu/en/middle-east-respiratory-syndrome-coronavirus">https://ecdc.europa.eu/en/middle-east-respiratory-syndrome-coronavirus</a>
- Further updates and advice for healthcare workers and travellers are available from WHO: <a href="http://www.who.int/emergencies/mers-cov/en/">http://www.who.int/emergencies/mers-cov/en/</a> and from NaTHNaC: <a href="https://travelhealthpro.org.uk/news/237/mers-cov-update-travelhealthpro-country-pages">https://travelhealthpro.org.uk/news/237/mers-cov-update-travelhealthpro-country-pages</a>

#### Human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9), China – latest update from WHO

- The latest WHO Influenza at Human-Animal Interface summary (24/10/2020 to 09/12/2020) reports that no new cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) were reported. Since February 2013, a total of 1,568 laboratory-confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9), including at least 616 deaths, have been reported: <a href="http://www.who.int/influenza/human\_animal\_interface/HAI\_Risk\_Assessment/en/http://www.fao.org/ag/againfo/programmes/en/empres/H7N9/Situation\_update.html">http://www.fao.org/ag/againfo/programmes/en/empres/H7N9/Situation\_update.html</a>
- The risk of international spread of avian influenza A(H7N9) is considered to be low at present. However, it
  is important that clinicians are aware of the possibility of human infection with animal influenza, in persons
  presenting with severe acute respiratory disease, while travelling or soon after returning from an area
  where avian influenza is a concern. WHO Global Alert & Response updates: <a href="http://www.who.int/csr/don/en/">http://www.who.int/csr/don/en/</a>

Links:

Public Health Wales influenza surveillance webpage:

http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sites3/page.cfm?orgid=457&pid=25480

Public Health Wales COVID-19 data dashboard:

https://public.tableau.com/profile/public.health.wales.health.protection#!/vizhome/RapidCOVID-19virology-

**Public/Headlinesummary** 

**GP Sentinel Surveillance of Infections Scheme:** 

http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sites3/page.cfm?orgid=457&pid=27918

NICE influenza antiviral usage guidance:

http://www.nice.org.uk/Guidance/TA158

Wales influenza information:

https://phw.nhs.wales/topics/flu/

England influenza surveillance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/weekly-national-flu-reports-2019-to-2020-season

Scotland influenza surveillance:

https://www.hps.scot.nhs.uk/a-to-z-of-topics/influenza/#data

Northern Ireland influenza surveillance:

https://www.publichealth.hscni.net/directorate-public-health/health-protection/seasonal-influenza

**European Centre for Communicable Disease:** 

http://ecdc.europa.eu/

**European influenza information:** 

http://flunewseurope.org/

Advice on influenza immunisation (for NHS Wales users)

http://nww.immunisation.wales.nhs.uk/home

For further information on this report, please email Public Health Wales using: <a href="mailto:surveillance.requests@wales.nhs.uk">surveillance.requests@wales.nhs.uk</a>