Routine	Immunisation Scho	edule Wales	from Augus	st 2018
Age due	Diseases protected against	Vaccine given and name		Usual site1
2 months old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) and hepatitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB	Infanrix hexa	Thigh
	Meningococcal group B (MenB)	MenB	Bexsero	Left thigh
	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV)	Prevenar 13	Thigh	Pneumococcal
	Rotavirus	Rotavirus	Rotarix	By mouth
3 months old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib and hepatitis B	DtaP/IPV/Hib/HepB	Infanrix hexa	Thigh
	Rotavirus	Rotavirus	Rotarix	By mouth
4 months old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib and hepatitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB	Infanrix hexa	Thigh
	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV)	Prevenar 13	Thigh	Pneumococcal
	MenB	MenB	Bexsero	Left thigh
12 -13 months old	Hib and Meningococcal group C (MenC)	Hib/MenC	Menitorix	Upper arm/thigh
	Pneumococcal	PCV booster	Prevenar 13	Upper arm/thigh
	Measles, mumps and rubella (German measles)	MMR	MMR VaxPRO ² or Priorix	Upper arm/thigh
	MenB	MenB booster	Bexsero	Left thigh
2 and 3 year olds ⁵ and all children in orimary school ⁶	Influenza (each year from October)	Live influenza vaccine	Fluenz Tetra ^{2,3}	Both nostrils
3 years 4	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and polio	DTaP/IPV	Infanrix IPV or Repevax	Upper arm
nonths old	Measles, mumps and rubella	MMR	MMR VaxPRO ² or Priorix	Upper arm
Girls aged 12 to 13 years (school year 8)	Cervical cancer caused by human papillomavirus (HPV) types 16 and 18 (and genital warts caused by types 6 and 11)	HPV ⁴ (two doses 6-12 months apart)	Gardasil	Upper arm
14 years old (school year 9)	Tetanus, diphtheria and polio	Td/IPV (check MMR status)	Revaxis	Upper arm
	Meningococcal groups A, C, W and Y disease	MenACWY	Nimenrix or Menveo	Upper arm
55 years old	Pneumococcal	Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine (PPV)	Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine	Upper arm
55 years of age and older	Influenza (each year from September)	Inactivated influenza vaccine	Multiple	Upper arm
'0 years old	Shingles	Shingles	Zostavax ²	Upper arm
		I .		

¹ Where two or more injections are required at once, these should ideally be given in different limbs. Where this is not possible, injections in the same limb should be given 2.5cm apart. For more details see Chapters 4 and 11 in the Green Book. All injected vaccines are given intramuscularly unless stated otherwise.



² Contains porcine gelatine

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ If Fluenz Tetra is contraindicated and child is in clinical risk group, use inactivated flu vaccine

⁴ If the first dose is given after 15th birthday, three doses are required at 0, 2 and 6 months apart ⁵ Aged 2 or 3 years on 31st August. ⁶ From reception class to school year 6.

Selective immunisation programmes					
Target group	Age and schedule	Disease	Vaccines		
Babies born to hepatitis B infected mothers	At birth and 1 month old. Boost at 12 - 13 months old ¹	Hepatitis B	Hepatitis B (Engerix B/HBvaxPRO)		
Infants in areas of the country with TB incidence >= 40/100,000	At birth	Tuberculosis	BCG		
Infants with a parent or grandparent born in a high incidence country ²	At birth	Tuberculosis	BCG		
Pregnant women	Duringfluseason At any stage of pregnancy	Influenza	Inactivated flu vaccine		
Pregnant women	From 16 weeks of pregnancy	Pertussis	dTaP/IPV (Boostrix-IPV or Repevax)		
Men who have sex with men	Up to and including 45 years	HPV	Gardasil		

 $^{^{1}}$ Take blood for HBsAg to exclude infection 2. Where the annual incidence of TB is >= 40/100,000 – see www.gov.uk/government/publications/tuberculosis-tb-by-country-rates-per-100000-people

Medical condition	Diseases protected against	Vaccines required ²
Asplenia or splenic dysfunction (including sickle cell and coeliac disease)	Meningococcal groups A, B, C, W and Y Pneumococcal Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) Influenza	Hib/MenC MenACWY MenB PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age)
Cochlear implants, cerebrospinal fluid leaks	Pneumococcal	PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age)
Chronic respiratory and heart conditions (such as severe asthma, chronic pulmonary disease, and heart failure)	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age). Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age)
Chronic neurological conditions (such as Parkinson's or motor neurone disease, or learning disability)	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age). Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age)
Diabetes	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age)
Chronic kidney disease (CKD) (including haemodialysis)	Pneumococcal (stage 4 and 5 CKD) Influenza (stage 3, 4 and 5 CKD) Hepatitis B (stage 4 and 5 CKD)	PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age). Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age) Hepatitis B
Chronic liver conditions	Pneumococcal Influenza Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	PCV13 (up to five years of age) PPV (from two years of age). Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age) Hepatitis A Hepatitis B
Haemophilia	Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	Hepatitis A Hepatitis B
Immunosuppression due to disease or treatment	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to five years of age) 3 PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age)
Complement disorders (including those receiving complement inhibitor therapy)	Meningococcal groups A, B, C, W and Y Pneumococcal Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) Influenza	Hib/MenC MenACWY MenB PCV13 (to any age) PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine (from six months of age)

^{1.} The list is not exhaustive. Other vaccines may be recommended for certain individuals. 2. Check relevant chapter of Green Book for specific schedule.

^{3.} To any age in severe immunosuppression

